INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON Climate change

FORTY-FIRST SESSION OF THE IPCC Nairobi, Kenya, 24-27 February 2015

IPCC-XLI/INF. 1, Add.1 (11.II.2015) Agenda Item: 5.1 ENGLISH ONLY

FUTURE WORK OF THE IPCC

IPCC Secretariat

Additional collated comments from Governments on Further refined Options Paper IPCC-XL/Doc.13, Add.1

(Submitted by the IPCC Secretariat in support of the process of the Task Group on the Future Work of the IPCC)



Chinese Government's Views on "Further Refined Options Paper" on future IPCC work

The Chinese government appreciates the work done by co-chairs of the Task Group on the Future Work of IPCC and the IPCC Secretariat on IPCC's future matters. Here, the Chinese government avails itself of this opportunity to express its views on the documents submitted by co-chairs of the Task Group on the Future Work of IPCC.

Overall, the Chinese government considers that IPCC's existing assessment process and management mechanism that formed in the preceding assessment processes, especially after the IAC Report, have played a fine role in preparing IPCC's Fifth Assessment Report. In this context, maintaining the stability of current organizational structure and operating mechanisms will facilitate IPCC's smooth assessment work in the future. The Chinese government believes that the documents submitted by co-chairs have proposed a range of appropriate suggestions concerning IPCC's future products, IPCC's organizational structure and improved involvement of developing countries that mirrored the views and suggestions put forward by the members at three task group meetings and embodied the consistency of IPCC's work.

The Chinese government suggests that efforts shall be made to strengthen the support to the participation of developing countries through securing further institutional arrangements such as on the selection of authors and the composition of TSU. When planning to establish a TSU in a developing country in the future, IPCC needs to make proper arrangements for funding sources, so as to avoid additional burdens on the developing countries.

The Chinese government hopes that in the future, IPCC may take more advantage of its experience and strength in making scientific assessments, rolling out the assessment products that are distinctive from while complementary to the assessment activities sponsored by other organizations, accommodating the needs of international community and enhancing the influence of IPCC's assessment reports.